

This technical drawing is a circular plan view of a building, likely a dome or a circular hall, showing radial and concentric dimensions. The drawing is divided into three main sections labeled P-I, P-II, and P-0.

**Section P-I (Top):** This section shows the upper part of the building. It features a central circular area with radial dimensions ranging from 46 to 136. The outer edge is marked with a dashed line. The section is labeled "P-I" at the top.

**Section P-II (Bottom):** This section shows the lower part of the building. It features a central circular area with radial dimensions ranging from 46 to 136. The outer edge is marked with a dashed line. The section is labeled "P-II" at the bottom.

**Section P-0 (Right):** This section shows the right side of the building. It features a central circular area with radial dimensions ranging from 46 to 136. The outer edge is marked with a dashed line. The section is labeled "P-0" on the right.

**Dimensions and Angles:**

- Radial Dimensions:** The drawing includes numerous radial dimensions, such as 46, 54, 62, 68, 74, 75, 82, 85, 92, 93, 96, 98, 100, 101, 103, 105, 107, 109, 111, 113, 115, 117, 119, 121, 123, 125, 127, 129, 131, 133, 135, and 136.
- Concentric Dimensions:** The drawing also includes concentric dimensions, such as 46, 54, 62, 68, 74, 75, 82, 85, 92, 93, 96, 98, 100, 101, 103, 105, 107, 109, 111, 113, 115, 117, 119, 121, 123, 125, 127, 129, 131, 133, 135, and 136.
- Angles:** The drawing includes several angles, such as 47°, 77°, 76°, 13°, and 12°.

The drawing is a detailed technical plan of a circular building, showing the layout of the interior and exterior walls, and the positions of various structural elements. The labels P-I, P-II, and P-0 likely refer to different parts of the building, such as the upper dome, the lower dome, and the base, respectively.

Technical drawing of a vertical assembly. The drawing shows a cross-section of a vertical structure with various components and dimensions. Key dimensions include a top diameter of 48, a central diameter of 6, and a bottom diameter of 100. The drawing is divided into two main sections by a horizontal dashed line. Labels include RO 48/3,6, RO 25/3, # 50/6, RO 48/3,6, and # 100/12. The drawing is oriented vertically, with the top of the assembly at the top of the page.

Technical drawing of the upper part of the 'C' profile. It shows a cross-section with a circular hole at the top. The distance from the top edge to the center of the hole is 48. The hole has a diameter of  $\varnothing 48/3,6$ . Below the hole, there is a vertical section with a diameter of  $\varnothing 25/3$ . The main body of the profile has a diameter of  $\varnothing 50/6$ . The bottom flange has a thickness of 6 and a diameter of  $\varnothing 48/3,6$ .

Technical drawing of a 300x300x125mm ceiling grid section. The drawing shows a cross-section of the grid with a central circular hole. The hole has a diameter of 48mm, indicated by a dimension line. The radius of the hole is labeled as RO 48/3,6. The grid is shown with dashed lines indicating its internal structure and the hole's position.

Technical drawing of a flange. The drawing shows a side view of a flange with a diameter of 100mm and a thickness of 12mm. The flange has a central hole with a diameter of 48mm. The distance from the center of the hole to the center of the flange is 20mm. The flange is mounted on a base with a thickness of 100mm. The total height of the assembly is 150mm. The flange is labeled with the dimensions:  $\varnothing 100/12$ , RO 48/3,6, 48, 20, 12, 100, 150.

[illegible]

Technical drawing of a staircase section showing a side view. The drawing includes a horizontal line labeled 'P-0' on the left. The staircase is shown with steps and a handrail. Dimensions are indicated at the bottom: 83, 83, 83, 52, 83, 83, 83. Labels 'B' and 'G' are present, with 'B' pointing to the handrail and 'G' pointing to a vertical support. The drawing is a black and white line drawing.

Lp.	Profil	dł. calc.	masa jedn.	masa calc.
1.	RO 48/3,6	79,98 m	4,11 kg/m	328,77 kg
2.	=/50/6	2,1 m	2,36 kg/m	4,96 kg
3.	=/100/12	6,63 m	9,45 kg/m	62,65 kg
4.	RO 25/3	3,80 m	1,74 kg/m	6,27 kg
5.	≠ 140/12	0,70 m	13,23 kg/m	9,27 kg
RAZEM				411,87 kg

BALUSTRAŁA SPAWANA Z PROFILI ZE STALI NIERDZEWNEJ  
WYKONAĆ 2 BALUSTRAŁY - RAZEM = 823,74 KG  
SPAWY ZESZLIFOWAĆ  
SZKŁO HARTOWANE WARSTWOWE ~11 MM, GIĘTE, FOLIA MATOWA  
WYMIARY SPRAWDZIĆ NA BUDOWIE  
PRZEKROJE PROFILI STALOWYCH PODANO W MM  
ZACHOWAĆ ODLEGŁOŚĆ POCHWYTU 5 CM OD ŚCIANY  
W PRZYPADKU BRAKU MIEJSCA, SŁUPY BALUSTRAŁY  
MONTOWAĆ W SPOSÓB ALTERNATYWNY  
RZUT DRUGIEGO BIEGU JEST ODCIĘCIEM LUSTRZANYM RYSUNKU

60-616 POZNAN OS. WL. LOKIETKA 12 H TEL./FAX: 061 8 244 448

Nr. Rysunków	4
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Branza:  
ARCH

Skala:  
1:50, 1:5

Projektant: <b>JANUSZ DUBICKI</b> mgr inż. arch. upr. bud. 60487/Pw	Projektor:	Opracował: <b>HUBERT JERUZAL</b> mgr inż. arch.	Projektor:
Sprawił: <b>WOJCIECH ŚPIKOWSKI</b> mgr inż. arch. upr. bud. 19180/Pw	Projektor:		